

#### In association with:



Swiss Tropical and Public Health Institute Schweizerisches Tropen- und Public Health-Institut Institut Tropical et de Santé Publique Suisse

# The shortcoming of KAP studies

### **KAP Studies**

Knowledge, Attitude and Practice studies are:

- qualitative, questionnaire-based
- rather quick and comparably inexpensive
- but: might be misleading

# TB in rural Mauritania: Concepts

- Encompasses different illness concepts
- Is believed to have spiritual or biomedical causes
- Is stigmatized
- Different actors may make a diagnosis

# TB in rural Mauritania: Campaign



#### **Tuberculosis**

is not hereditary.



is cured easily with the right treatment.



affects men, women and children of all ages equally.







### **Pitfalls**

Interviewees might answer what they believe to be correct, acceptable or what might please

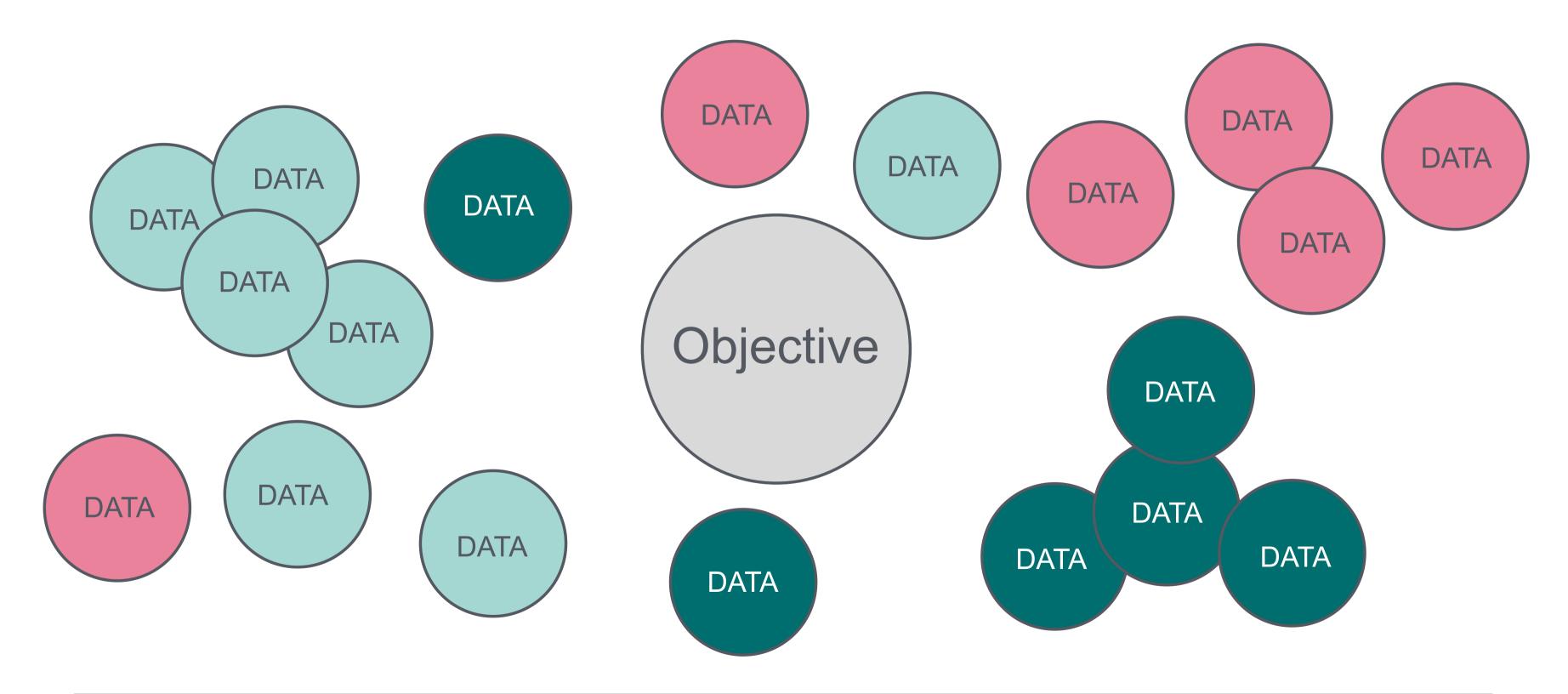
Interviewees might adapt their answer to the context, their expectations or to felt attitudes.

### To consider

Health programmes are often based on the assumption that knowledge and behaviour are directly linked.

To change behaviour they need to start addressing multiple factors.

# Accuracy needs time



### Rapid appraisal has its limitations

We need to go beyond close-ended questions in order to understand any health problem.