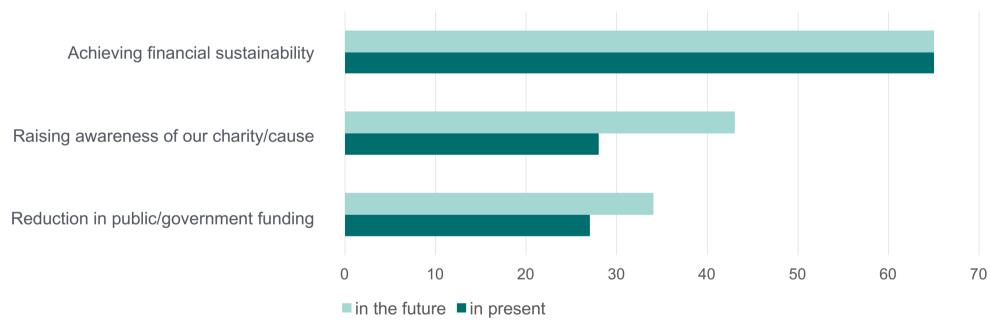


Managing your financial resources

Prof. Dr. Georg von Schnurbein

Major challenges for nonprofits

Which do you consider to be the three most pressing challenges facing your organization?



Hengevoss/Berger 2018

Financial health

Aim of financial management

- Securing cash flow
- Managing financial health and choosing your revenue sources

Financial health consists of two different constructs

- Financial stability
- Financial capacity

Concentration or diversification?

- Portfolio theory: diversify your financial revenue mix in order to spread the risk
- Donations, state funding and own revenues
- Downside of diversification: increased costs of control

Herfindahl Hirschman Index (HHI)

Measurement of diversification/concentration

normalized HHI =
$$\frac{1-K}{1-\frac{1}{N}}$$
, $K = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{income\ source_i}{total\ income}\right)^2$

Results between 0 (full diversification) and 1 (full concentration)

HHI: example

private donations 619'180		public funding 50'340'234		own revenues 225'615			total 51'185'029	HHI (3 income sources)
donations	bequests	federal government	local government	revenue from services	membership fees	other revenues		HHI (7 income sources)
448'680	170'500	25'684'233	24'312'887	198'256	343'114	27'359	51'185'029	0.39

Indicators for financial health

Operating margin (MARGIN)

→ Money available at the end of the year

Administrative cost ratio (ADMIN)

→ Share of expenses not directly used for projects

Criteria for finance mix

- Governance/ethics
- Competency
- Efficiency
- Volatility
- Interdependencies